

L3(3.3)-Quadratic Relations in Factored Form

## Key Concepts:

- factored form of quadratic relation
- direction of opening from 'a'
- solving for zeroes
  
- using symmetry to find:
  - x-coordinate of vertex
  - axis of symmetry
  
- using substitution to find:
  - y-coordinate of vertex
  - y-intercept

Apr 10-6:32 PM

Is  $y = 2(x + 1)(x - 5)$  a quadratic relation?

Examine 1st and 2nd differences:

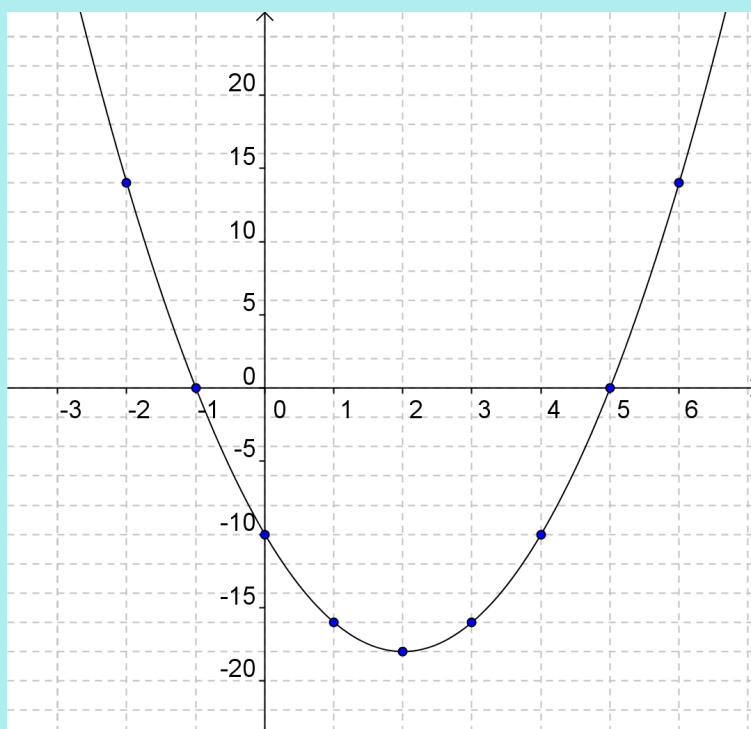
x	y
-2	14
-1	0
0	-10
1	-16
2	-18

Oct 19-8:29 PM

Is  $y = 2(x+1)(x-5)$  a quadratic relation?

Graph the relation:

x	y
-2	14
-1	0
0	-10
1	-16
2	-18
3	-16
4	-10
5	0
6	14



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### Quadratic Relations in Factored Form

The equation of a quadratic relation may be written in several forms:

1. standard form:  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

2. factored form:  $y = a(x - s)(x - t)$

3. vertex form:  $y = a(x - h)^2 + k$

The factored form,  $y = a(x - s)(x - t)$ , is most useful for finding the zeroes, which are  $x = s$  and  $x = t$ .

Mar 20 - 4:17 PM

Consider the following...

Give two numbers that have a product of zero:

What do you notice?  $(\text{any value}) \times 0 = 0$

Solve:

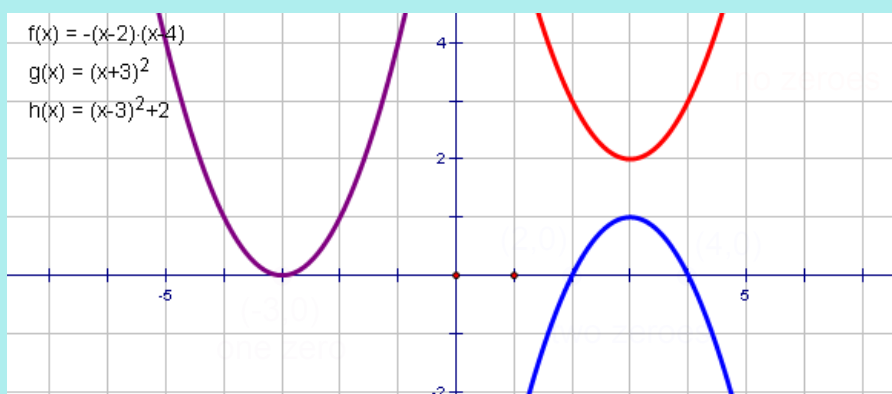
(a)  $3x = 0$

(b)  $57y = 0$

(c)  $3xy = 0$

Mar 31-8:45 AM

Depending upon the location of the vertex, and whether the parabola opens up or down, it may have 0, 1, or 2 distinct (unique) zeroes.



Zeroes occur where the **y-coordinate** of the parabola is **equal to zero**.

Apr 17-11:18 PM

To find the zeroes algebraically, we **set  $y = 0$**  and solve for the x-values that make the equation true.

Ex.1 Determine the zero(es) of each

(a)  $y = x(x - 10)$

Recall:

Zero multiplied by anything is zero.

If  $(a)(b) = 0$  then  
 $a = 0$  or  $b = 0$  (or both are zero).

(b)  $y = -2(x - 5)(3x - 1)$  (c)  $y = 2(x - 2)^2$

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The zeroes and symmetry can be used to find the vertex (h, k).

For the x-coordinate (h), find the midpoint of the zeroes:

$$MP = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} = \frac{s + t}{2}$$

For the y-coordinate (k), substitute the midpoint into the equation and solve for y

$$y = a(x - s)(x - t)$$

$$y = a(MP - s)(MP - t)$$

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Ex.2 Determine the vertex:

(a)  $y = -2(x - 2)(x - 8)$  predict zeroes:

Apr 18-12:03 AM

Ex.3 A parabola has zeroes at -3 and 2, and a y-intercept of 18. Determine the equation.

Oct 19-9:26 PM

Assigned Work:

p. 155-157 # 2, 3, 4ace, 5, 6ace, 7, 10